Autoguiding – a Deep Look

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Why is Autoguiding needed?

Unguided imaging is nice, but:

Periodic Error
Polar alignment

Flexture

Refraction

May limit exposure time/resolution

Do we need long exposures at all?

YES, because we have:

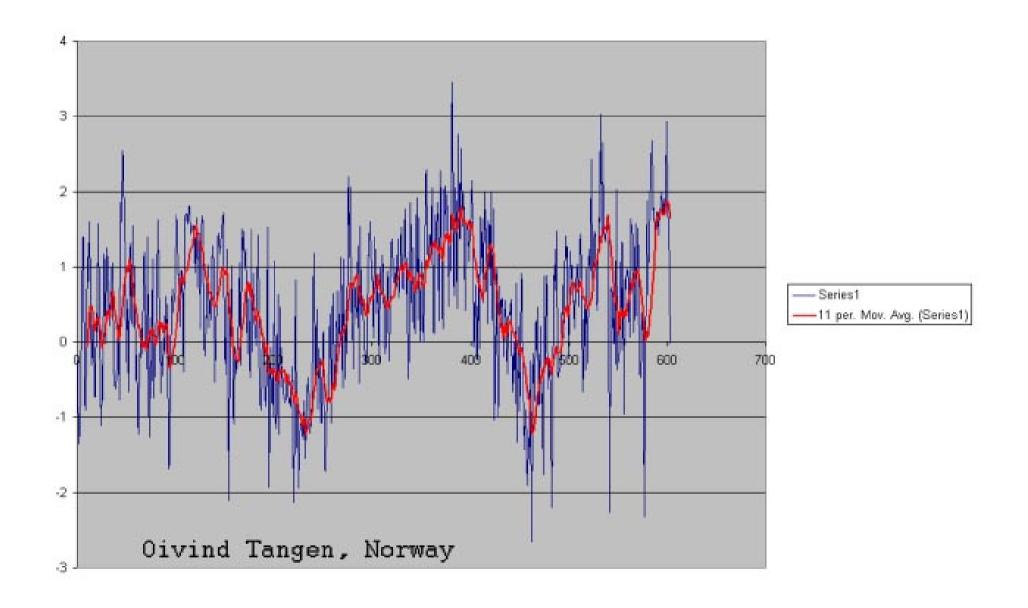
• Narrow band filters

Low surface brightness objects

Multifilter image acquisition that lasts
 several nights

Tracking in RA (for 2-3 sec intervals)

Error	Typical	Characteristics	Relative
Source	value (arcsec)		value
PE+Drift	0,1-0,4	systematic	10 - 40%
Flexture	0 - 0,02	semi- systematic	
Seeing	0,5 - 2	random	90 - 60%



Gemini G42, no PEC, poor seeing

Tracking in DEC

Error Source	Typical value (arcsec)	Characteristics	Relative value
Drift	0-0,2	Systematic	10 – 40%
Flexture	0-0,05	Semi systematic	
Seeing	0,5 - 2	Random	90 - 60%
RA bearing	0,1 - 2	Random	•

How about encoder controlled drives?

MASTER

Ensure subarcsecond precision for 10-20 minutes – of RA axis rotation

Do not correct flexture, drift and refraction

»1 Calibration

Done under constant speed used in acceleration

This ensures a slight undercorrection.

»2 Guidestar quality

An aberrated or dim stellar image gives unreliable centroid values. E.g.: off axis situations

»3 Exposure time

- Longer reduces seeing effects
- Shorter corrects PE better

4 Agressiveness

Compensates seeing and calibration problems.

5 Pause after correction
 Helps to avoid oscillations.

Current Practices of Autoguiding

• Guidescope

Flexible star selection – flexture

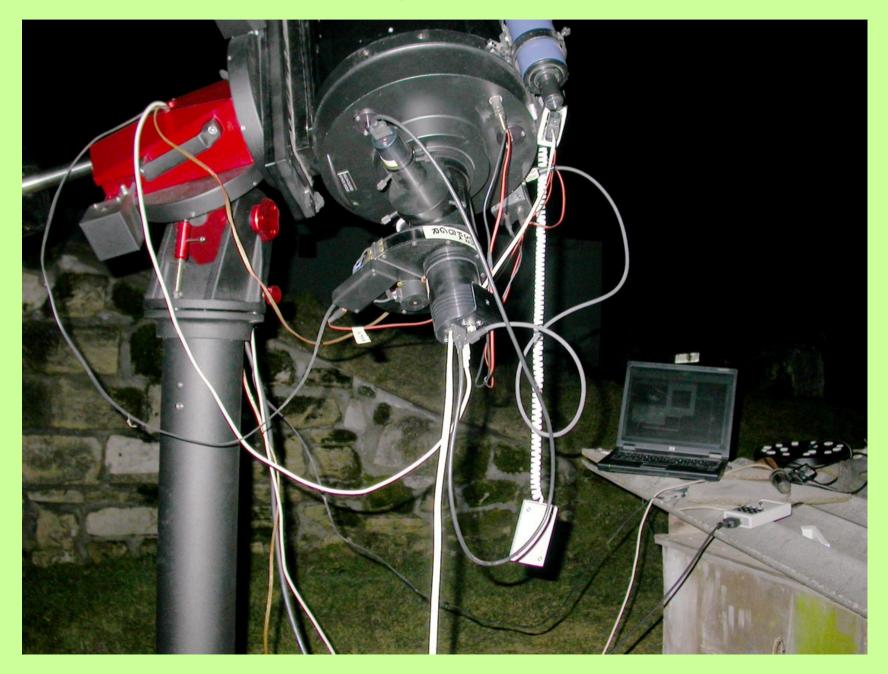
• Off-Axis

Good rigidity – small field

Example - guidescope



Example – Off axis



Current Practices

Dual Chip

Highest rigidity – filter problem

Interline Transfer Chip
 Simplest solution – image noise

Current Practices

Active optics

Best results – backfocus problems, camera choice limited

Practical Tips

• Minimize flexture

Small weight, reinforcements, quality focusser

Use threaded or conic interfaces

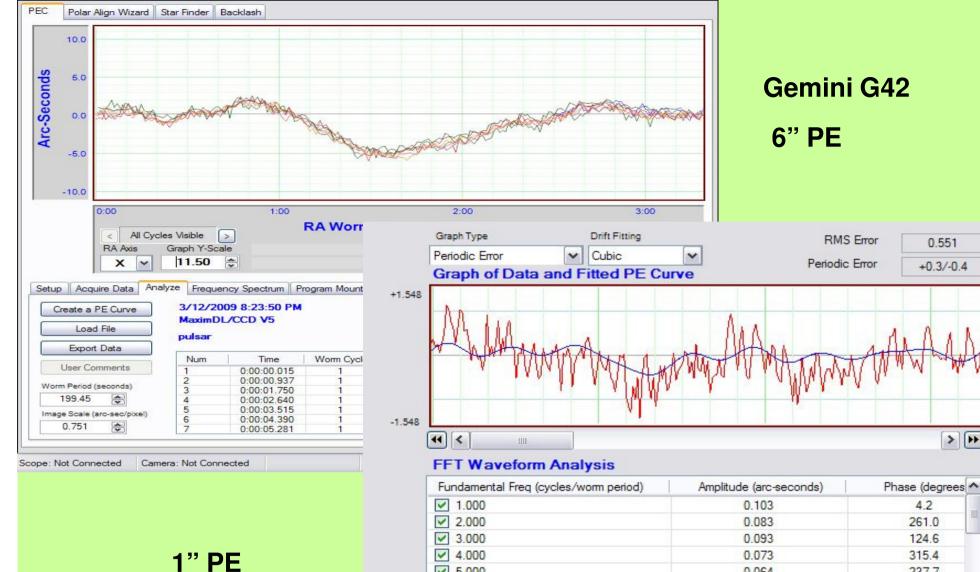


Practical Tips

• PEC active

Longer exposure, less seeing effects

Small aperture guidescope
 Up to 10cm the seeing is always fair



RA Axis:

Romulo de Luna F.

4.2 261.0 124.6 315.4 5.000 0.064 237.7 7.000 0.086 322.0 9.000 0.082 269.6 × < > 1111 Х Y Initial Worm Phase Image Roll (degrees) 1:30.28 -89.33 Cancel Export Data Image Scale Worm Period (secs) Declination (arc-sec/pixel) 199.45 -0.02 Create PE Curve and Close 0.751

0.551

+0.3/-0.4

> +

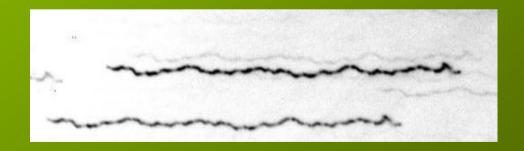
Trailed Stars – What shall I do?

Direction of the trail
 E-W, N-S, Other

 Set of short expos with intervals
 3s expo, 60sec pause, 15 times (guiding ON)

Trailed Stars

- Compare 1 worm cycle guided and unguided exposures
- Make startrail images (30"/min drift)



Images courtesy of

- Althoff, Gerd
- Kerschuber, Günther
- Mori, Eiji
- Tangen, Oivind
- Freire, Romulo de Luna

In order of appearance.

Thank you for your attention!